

W. M. CLEMENSON

DEERING AGENCY

The following lines of Farm Machinery will be handled and Repairs for same kept in stock:

Deering

**BINDERS
MOWERS
Disc Harrows
Binder Twine**

Titan Tractors, Primrose Cream Separators, Okotoks Gasoline, Kaustine Sanitary Closets

An OLD DEERING STAND
Opposite C.P.R. Depot

VULCANIZING

Done on the Premises ...
New Machinery Just Installed
Auto Tubes and Casings Repaired
Liberal Allowance given for old Tubes and Casings
Work Guaranteed

Mayo & Son, - - Claresholm

FRESH and CURED

MEATS

Fish and Poultry in Season. Free Delivery. Dependable, Courteous Service.

We Hold Our Customers by Our Service

Phone 48

BRITISH COLUMBIA

FRESH FISH 8c. to 12c. per lb.

Regular Shipments The Food Controller says: "Eat fish and save the Beef and Bacon for the Boys at the Front."



The Central Meat Market

RAMAGE & TAYLOR, Proprietors

Licence No. 9-6597

Third Avenue **CLARESHOLM, ALTA**

KAUSTINE

Toilet Equipment

Waterless Odorless

Easy to Install. Simple to Operate

Unsanitary Outhouses need no longer be tolerated
Moderate Cost

ISAAC LEAPARD, Dealer, - Claresholm

DOWN'S LUMBER CO.

Can furnish you with **LUMBER** from the yard at low prices or in **CAR LOTS** at wholesale prices. We **OWN** and **OPERATE** our own **MILLS** and can guarantee the quality of our lumber. Orders filled promptly. Give us a trial and we will save you money

See Our Manager,
At Economy Barn

Get your Loose-Leaf Billheads printed at the Review-Advertiser Office.

Claresholm Review-Advertiser

An Independent Weekly Newspaper

ROBT. K. PECK, Editor

Subscription Rates
One year, in Canada \$1.50
One year, to United States 2.00
Single Copy 5c.

FRIDAY, Aug. 16, 1918

GOOD CITIZENSHIP

Has it ever occurred to the majority that those priceless things—ideals of liberty and justice and right living—are neither bought or sold? They are not heirlooms and no parent can hand them down ticketed and tied like government bonds or enclosed, like jewels, in a strong box. They may be "recommended" and even insisted upon but are adopted voluntarily or not at all.

These facts offer food for serious thought on the part of those who are responsible for Canada's future. What ever ideals it is desirable for the citizen of tomorrow to possess must be instilled into the consciousness of the children of to-day. The process is the tedious one of "line upon line, precept upon precept, here a little, there a little"—a process at times inspiring but more often than not discouraging. It is a process little realized in the main because its workings are unseen. Not until the generation stands ready for citizenship can it be seen that damage has been done. Only then is one aware of the existence of the harmful influence. Human careers are too precious to be submitted to exploitation and the most serious duty confronting patriots to-day is the provision of influences that will produce high standards of living for generations to come.

Had this truth been recognized from any other than a largely theoretical stand point by the men and women of the preceding and present generation it would not have been possible for the vicious theories promulgated by Frederick the Great (wrongly so called) to be working themselves out into Prussian atrocity. There can be too vicious pushing of baby welfare movements or the establishment and maintenance of supervised playgrounds, Boy Scout movements, national health boards, carefully considered housing schemes city planning and every other movement that centres in the cleanest, finest living. An examination into the things in which all were most keenly concerned a decade ago will not result in a list of these things as national interests. Every one of them must be absorbing interests if Prussianism is to be stamped out forever.

VALUES OF FARM AND TOWN PROPERTY

After an absence of several years, the writer last winter visited a certain community in the southern peninsula of Ontario. He found a nice promising town gone to "ruin and ruin" to use a well-worn phrase. We will not attempt to describe the scene—the tale is really too pitiful. But let us mention the fact that houses and lots were vacant in plenty, and one could buy a complete property for from \$200 to \$450 that cost \$2000 to \$4000 fifteen or twenty years ago. Many of the houses that were formerly in the town—or the remnants of a town—had been brought up for much less than the value of the lumber they contained and were moved out into farm property in the neighborhood. There were a few straggling business places left. Business, however, was dead—and so was any spirit of enterprise among the handful of citizens who were left. In two instances that came under our notice people transferred their property to others for the nominal sum of a one-dollar bill, in order to be relieved of the burden of paying taxes upon that which was absolutely dead from any practical investment standpoint.

The death of this town had a sad effect upon the farms of the neighborhood. Instead of increasing in value, as one would suppose, with spreading, these farm lands were actually lower in price than they were fifteen years ago, when there was still a lively town in the centre, which offered good marketing and the multitude of other essential facilities that every live town does hold for the surrounding territory. **PEOPLE DID NOT EVEN WANT TO FARM IN THE VICINITY OF A TOWN THAT WOULD BE SHUT OUT.** It seemed much like abutting one's residence against a cemetery.

What was the question, please? Oh, yes, to be sure, the reason for the decadent conditions described was community delinquency—absolutely delinquent but surely the cause was not the big catalogue ate into the heart of the community by scattering the live merchants who conducted its retail trade. And there were live merchants there some years ago. But the desecration of the catalogue habit began to assume the proportions of an epidemic, and they fled to fresher and safer fields.

Several of the oldest, and once the most promising towns in Manitoba have travelled the same route. Others are on the down grade in other sections of Canada. One does not have to go far to find them, these days. And one thing you will find that's variably true—**PARM PROPERTY CONTIGUOUS TO A DEAD TOWN HAS HALF THE VALUE OF SIMILAR PROPERTY NEAR A LIVE TOWN.**

It would seem to be a good business, therefore, to keep one's town alive. It is good business both for the resident of the town and for the resident of the adjacent farm property.

This question of mail order buying to the detriment of the home dealer resolves itself into this—**IT IS EITHER RIGHT OR IT'S WRONG.**

The distant mail order concern is either a good thing for the community or it is a bad thing. Put your local business men out of business, and what have you left? Where is the value of your property? If community suicide is a good thing, then the mail order habit is worthy of encouragement. It's up to you and me to decide.

HE DISTURBANCES IN CANADIAN CITIES

The disturbances in Canadian cities, Vancouver and Toronto affording the best instances, between returned veterans and their sympathizers and restless aliens, some of them farm leaders, are to be regretted, but are not unexpected. Between men who fought for their country at a patriotic war and those who stayed at home in safety, I'd made money because of the soldier's sacrifice, there are bound to be frictions. If there is one thing more than another incumbent upon us who have been profited by the war or lived in comfort under its auspices, it is to see that those who held the front line have full justice from us. We have not seen to it of the faded in the big cities even the returned alien men and their families and those of other nationalities who have neither volunteered to fight, nor been eligible for the draft, a touch of military age.

The dangers of the mob spirit, however, called out from U. S. President Wilson, a few days ago, a personal letter to his people warning them against the mob spirit and mob-action. He called upon the nation to show the world that while it fights for democracy on foreign fields it is not destroying democracy at home. The president referred not alone to mob action against those suspected of being enemy aliens or enemy sympathizers; he denounced the magnificently mob action of all sorts, especially lynchings. He said:

"I have called upon the nation to put its great energy into this war, and it has responded—responded with spirit and a genius for action that has thrilled the world. I now call upon it, upon its men and women everywhere, to see to it that its laws are kept inviolate, its laws unimpaired. Let us show our utter contempt for the things that have made this war hideous among the wars of history by showing how those who love liberty and right and justice, and are willing to lay down their lives for them on foreign fields, stand ready also to illustrate to all mankind their loyalty to all things at home which they wish to see established everywhere as a blessing and protection to the peoples who have never known the privilege of liberty and self-government."

"I can never accept any man as a champion of liberty either for ourselves or for the world who does not reverence and obey the laws of our own beloved land, whose laws we ourselves have made. He has adopted the standards of the enemies of our country, whom he affects to despise." President Wilson is dealing with people who are guilty of actions of a conglomerate nationality that Canada has to face, and his words of warning should be taken to heart by all—Red Deer Advocate.

COURAGE BELOW DECK

Would the Zebrugger victory have been what it was had her stockhold not been filled with heroes? An old ship with old boilers, and needing above all things else, speed, especially on the home run, she was at the mercy of her boilers and engineers. A bump told them the Victivict had gained the Moie. Not much else was known about the fortunes of the day until home was reached. It is said that when the engineer commander entered the boiler room after the party, and asked the Army engineer what he had to say about his men the reply what every one must have related to hear. "I am going to say nothing for or against them; but if I was going to H—I tomorrow night I would have the same with me."

Admiral Sir David Beatty knows where to find heroes and he says that high up on the roll of British heroes must be placed the names of going engineers and their staffs on board ships of war. Equally heroic are the men below deck on merchant ships. With

The Wilton Hotel

Dining Room

Under New Management

When in Town call at this Hotel for Your Meals!
All White Help. Give Us a Trial

BEST OF FOOD. - CLEAN AND SANITARY

A. H. WALLIS

WALLIS PIANOS

CANADA'S BEST

Exhibited at the Claresholm Fair for the last two seasons. These superb instruments have won universal admiration.

Write For Catalogue and Terms

FACTORY BRANCH:

Hull Block, - **LETHBRIDGE**

ALBERT E. STRANGE

Licensed Auctioneer

Farm Sales a Specialty

Almost no chance of escape and with almost absolute certainty of being hit when the dastardly U-boats gets in its work these men, nevertheless, engaged to transport troops and wounded, food-stuffs, merchandise, munitions—everything needed to carry on this war. Do we give them sufficient credit? Have we, up to this time given them even a thought? Not until the war is over shall we know how many of these heroes have been sacrificed that their cause and ours might triumph.

It is peculiarly fitting that these men, of whom most of us have never even thought, should be remembered by the king. He has given them approval to a badge which speaks volumes. It is in the form of a torpedo to be worn on the left sleeve and is to be given to officers and men who have been on the articles of any British merchant or fishing vessel sunk or damaged during the present war by torpedo or mine and who have afterwards completed a further voyage on the articles of a British vessel.

Each subsequent experience will be shown by a bar. It is high time that the rest of us take a thought for the heroes below deck combatants and non-combatants alike.

Sympathy For Abraham

Sunday School Teachers—Our golden text children's text—Abraham spoke with his father's.

Johnnie—Gee, I hope they didn't sure like pop!

Couldn't Fail

"Is there any way to prevent my neighbors' hens from scratching up my garden seed?"
"Oh, yes."
"For heaven's sake, name it!"
"After planting the seed have your entire garden paved with concrete."
—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Good Reasons

Why does the baby at your house cry so much, Tommy?
Tommy—It don't cry so very much—and any way, if all your teeth was out, and your hair off, and your legs so weak you couldn't stand on them, I guess you'd feel crying your lungs out!—London Tit-Bits.

Mr. Geo. Leppard returned from the Macleod hospital last Monday.

The heavy rain last Monday will help out the pasture problem to some extent as well as put the land in good shape for next year's crop. Some hail damage occurred west of Staveland, where about a thousand acres was damaged about 50 per cent.

A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from the Hague says the Frankfort-Zurich Stockholm correspondent announces that the election of a king of Finland has been fixed for September 1st. The probable candidate is either the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg or Prince William of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen will be chosen.

PROVINCIAL SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE

CLARESHOLM, Alberta

RE-OPENS

Tuesday, October 29, 1918

The course extends over a period of two winters of five months each.

Courses are given in **PRACTICAL AGRICULTURE and DOMESTIC SCIENCE.**

No entrance examination is required.

THE COURSE IS ENTIRELY FREE

The minimum age of admission for boys is 15 years and for girls 16 years.

For Calendar and further particulars apply to

A. E. MEYER, L.L.B., Edmonton,
Supt. Schools of Agriculture.

W. J. STEPHEN, B.A., B.S.A., Claresholm,
Principal, School of Agriculture.

Job Printing at the Review-Advertiser

REVIVAL NOTES

Evangelist Miller stated at one of his meetings that his father was shot and killed by the notorious James brothers, who terrorized certain parts of the United States fifty years ago. On the whole the addresses given by Mr. Miller have been very helpful and few have over heard the scriptures recited with such force and interest.

The main objection has been regarding the methods used to get decisions but this, after all, need not have worried anyone, and is a matter that only the evangelist himself can select. Next Sunday, so far as we have at present, will close the meetings, and it is hoped that all who can will try and be present.

The meeting on Monday night, conducted by Mr. Bouillon, of Nanton, was one of the most interesting of the series. There were not many present who differed with the speaker regarding his statements as to the effects of the public dance and card playing. Both of these have been most demoralizing in their influence and little can be said in their favor. Some thought the speaker was rather narrow in his views regarding the picture show. When rightly used the moving picture can be a great educational factor, and, in time, will be used in our schools, as few are now used in many churches for educational purposes. There are some picture plays

that should be shunned as you would shun certain books. There are others that are most helpful in meeting life's problems as well as a means of legitimate recreation. There seems to be a tendency to hand over to the devil all the newest inventions and sources of pleasure, whereas if the churches were wise they would try rather to secure a monopoly of them for God.

The chalk talks conducted by Evangelist Miller every afternoon this week have undoubtedly been most helpful and beneficial to those who attended. The attendance has been very fair and the children have thoroughly enjoyed them. The severest critic could have little fault to find with them. The parents who have prevented their children from attending have robbed them of an influence in their lives that in all probability would have been permanently for good as long as they lived. We cannot but be sorry for any child who missed them. If there is anything in which Mr. Miller excels it is in dealing with children.

United Grain Growers

Cattle—With a fairly liberal run of cattle, a large proportion of which were fat cows, trading was brisk, and good fat steers, showing weight and quality, sold from fully 50c to a dollar higher than last week, but the lighter steers still found a very slow sale. We quote choice fat steers, 1,100 lbs. and up, from \$12.00 to \$14.00; medium to good steers, from \$11.00 to \$12.50, with a few small common killers selling from \$10.00 to \$11.00. Fat cows sold a shade lower than last week, and we quote the best from \$8.50 to \$9.00; medium, \$8.00 to \$8.50 and common stuff from \$7.00 to \$8.00. Very few bulls made an appearance and the demand is slow. A few select animals reached \$7.75 but the bulk of the good ones were sold from \$6.75 to \$7.25, with common bulls hard to dispose of from \$5.00 to \$6.00. Choice fat oxen are worth from \$9.50 to \$11.00; medium oxen, \$7.50 to \$8.50, with cutter and canner oxen, \$3.00 to \$4.00. The demand for stockers shows considerable improvement. Good weighty two-year old steers, from 500, up, selling from \$9.00 to \$10.00; lighter two-year old steers, 500 to 600, from \$8.00 to \$8.75. All the yearlings offered on the yards were disposed of; heifers selling from \$6.75 to \$7.00, and steers, \$7.00 to \$7.75. Good stocker cows and two-year-old heifers sell from \$6.00 to \$6.75, with the poor, dairy bred stuff selling from \$5.00 to \$6.00. Veal sold a shade stronger; choice fat calves bringing from \$8.00 to \$8.25.

Hogs—With a very light run of hogs and the packers keen to buy the market gradually gained strength throughout the week. Tuesday and Wednesday's hogs were brought \$19.50. Thursday's hogs advanced to \$20.00, and on Friday morning sold at \$20.25.

Sheep—The sheep market shows weakness, and it takes exceptionally good wethers to exceed 11c. Fat ewes will bring from 9½c to 10½c, and choice lambs, 14c. The prospects are that good steers will sell fairly strong for the next week or two, and any person having this class of stock, especially if weighty, will make no mistake to put it on the market. Fat cattle and hogs, however, look somewhat weaker, and in view of the Government War Commission refusing to take more than a limited number it is doubtful if the outlook on this class of stock will improve. Bulls and canner cutter cows were not sold so readily as has been the case for the past few weeks.

With the hog run continuing light, and eastern markets strong we see no reason why hog prices should decline.

Strength in the hog market recently is accounted for by the placing of an order for 100,000,000 pounds of bacon by the American government, and the improved shipping facilities for getting the products overseas. The beef ration over in the old country is to be somewhat reduced and a greater proportion of hog products used. An order has also been placed for 134,000,000 pounds of canned meat for the American army. The bacon order will mean the slaughter of 1,900,000 hogs. The order is to be completed in six months.

An Important Epoch

The capture of Ribesourt by the French marks an important epoch in the offensive, which has for its immediate purpose the freeing of the region between the Somme and the Oise of the enemy. As a gain from the strategic standpoint, it ranks with the taking by the French of the forest and hill positions between the Marne and the Oise, which has brought the French almost to the gates of Lascay. Through Ribesourt lies an open route up the Oise valley to Noyon—a route by rail and the big national thoroughfare, not to mention the canal which parallels the roadway for the greater part of the way. Noyon is only a little more than six miles north-east of Ribesourt.



The Place to Buy Your
Harness and Saddlery

Repairs a Specialty

SHOE REPAIR DEPARTMENT

SKILLED LABOR AND MODERN MACHINERY
FIRST-CLASS WORK

AGENT FOR CHEVROLET CARS

J. T. KINGSLEY, Claresholm

Ready for Business

The Big New Vanhorn & Stebbins'

GARAGE

Every Convenience for Taking Care of Your Car

Gasoline and Oils

Expert Mechanics already engaged and our Repairing and Machine Shop will soon be at your service.

Just Take a Look In.

Vanhorn & Stebbins, Limited

The Opportunity Oil Company

Incorporated under the laws of the State of Colorado.
Capital Stock \$250,000. Par value, 1 cent.
Prof. E. E. Horn, Consulting Geologist

TO THE PUBLIC:

Get in an HONEST Company. Get in with a SQUARE bunch. The directors of this company have put their money in and they are putting in their services free. It shows what they think of this company. You probably want to make money as much as they do.

THERE IS MORE MONEY IN OIL TO-DAY THAN ANY OTHER LINE. We are offering you an opportunity to get in on the ground floor, with SUCCESSFUL oil and business men who are located in the oil fields and will watch your interest as well as their own.

FOR A SHORT TIME you can get this stock at ONE CENT per share, which is the par value.

Send your order TODAY

\$5 00 Buys 500 Shares

\$10 Buys 1000 Shares

MAIN OFFICE:

The Opportunity Oil Company

R C KIMBROUGH, FISCAL AGENT.

Suite 327 Century Building, Denver Colorado, U.S.A.

When renewing your subscription to The Review-Advertiser ask for your copy of "The Veterinarian." Every farmer should have this book in his library. It is free.

Will YOU Give 3-1/2 Cents a Day to Keep

A Child From Starving?

If you will, read this appeal carefully then decide what share you will take in helping avert the greatest tragedy of all time.

1,250,000 CHILDREN ARE FACING SLOW STARVATION IN BELGIUM TODAY.

The Belgian Relief Commission has not the means to supply these growing children with the food that is necessary. **THE SITUATION IS SERIOUS.** This great relief fund has largely been administered through Americans; the break between the States and Germany has brought about a crisis; there is more need of funds now than at any previous time.

THE GREAT RELIEF WORK MUST AND WILL GO ON. WE MUST DO OUR SHARE.

At the present time the growing child in Belgium receives only a "hunk of bread and a bowl of soup" each day. It is not enough; they must have more—or starve.

For 3-1/2 cents a day the Relief Commission can supply one child with an extra "meal" of a biscuit made with fat or lard and a cup of cocoa, not much, but it is the difference between life and death, between health and disease, for the children of heroic Belgium.

ALBERTA HAS BEEN BLESSED WITH TWO RECORD-BREAKING CROPS.

We are prosperous—the future looks bright—we are in a position to help. How many starving children can you look after? How many will we look after?

HOW MANY WILL YOU FEED?

\$12.00 a year, the price the Alberta farmer received for eight bushels of his wheat, will give this extra "meal" to one child for a whole year. 10c a year or \$36.00 a year will keep three children from starvation. \$60.00 a year will feed five; \$120.00 a year will feed 10.

WERE YOU EVER HUNGRY?

Can you picture starvation, the pinched faces, the piteous cries? IF THE CHILDREN WERE STARVING IN ALBERTA you would help—

YOU WILL HELP IN THIS CASE

You can't pass by the children's cry for food from starving Belgium! AND YOU MUST ACT NOW

The thought that you are feeding some of these unfortunates each day will bring you happiness. Think of the eager little hands reaching for the meal you supply.

Your own meals will taste sweeter when you do your share. The paper in which you are reading this is doing its share by publishing this appeal without charge—**WHAT WILL YOU DO?**

You may send contributions by the week, month, or in one lump sum. You are ASSURED that your money is used for the purpose it is sent.

THERE ARE HUNGRY CHILDREN AWAITING YOUR DECISION. HOW MANY WILL YOU FEED?

Send cheques payable to—

Belgian Relief Fund

FOR SOUTHERN ALBERTA,

and address them to J. H. Woods, Hon. Secretary-Treasurer, Southern Alberta Committee, Herald Building, Calgary.

Farmers' Garage

Maltese Cross Tires and Accessories

Overland and Willys Knight Automobiles

A Canadian-made Car. We can supply all sizes to suit your taste and pocket

We Do General Repairs and Guarantee Our Work

Now located in our new premises opposite the New Rex Theatre

Finstad, Hembrow & Nelson, Prop.

R. J. HEMBROW, MANAGER

S. L. FRASER & CO.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

Agents for the

GRAIN GROWERS' SECURITY COMPANY

Farmers' Fire & Mail Insurance Co.

Westchester Fire Insurance Co.

Wawanesa Fire Insurance Co.

Opposite the Rex Theatre

Clareholm

The Thrift Car



Model 90 cars are helping many Canadians to do more work, to save time and to save money.

Considering the quality of Model 90, it is priced unusually low.

No one knows how far the shortage of material will go.

But you do know that we are unusually well prepared to take care of all service and parts requirements. Even extraordinary requirements can be promptly supplied from our Toronto factory or nearby branches.

Five points of Overland superiority: Appearance, Performance, Comfort, Service and Price

Local Dealers, Farmers' Garage

Willys-Overland, Limited
Willys-Knight and Overland Motor Cars and Light Commercial Wagons
Head Office and Works, West Toronto, Ontario

DON'T FORGET THE WAR VETERAN WHEN YOU HAVE A JOB TO OFFER

Please notify
CENTRAL PROVINCIAL COMMITTEE
EDMONTON
Howard Stutchbury, Secy.
OF WAR VETERANS CLUB CALGARY
Win. Ashurst, Asst. Secy.

Eat less Bread

A TESTIMONY FOR THE BRITISH SOLDIERS

(By a Canadian soldier at the front)
It's the fault of the English themselves that they don't get any advantage out of their troops. They're too quiet. If the English troops get a job to do they just turn up the cuffs of their tunics, screw on their tin hats, and walk into it sucking their teeth. They never seem to get hot or up like us. We Canadians and Australians always seem to know whenever it's a big scene, but the English troops play the same all the time.

You can pull them into the most awful hole, give them the most heart-breaking job and they just do the business in the same reflective sort of way, never realizing that they are doing anything out of the day's work. There's like nothing so much as a lot of terriers and bulldogs—terriers for quickness and bulldogs for grit and patience.

That's the wonderful thing about the home troops; they're got the unbreakable limit for patience. I always like to see them clearing out a knee trench. They just go along it and clean out every funk-hole quiet and business like. If they've got to hold a bit of the line against Boche counter attacks they will just hang on by the skin of their teeth. There isn't a quitter in the whole mob. Then look at the length of line they hold. Why, the little bit the Overseas troops hold is only the limit of reaction it is.

If you ask me, I say that what you call English line regiments are the backbone of the army and its ribs. You can go where you like—France, Mesopotamia, Palestine, Egypt, that the English are there doing the main part of the business in the same reflective sort of way. No fuss, just quiet, patient work. I am not running down my own crowd, mind you, or the Australians or New Zealanders or any of the overseas troops. They're shown what they can do, and there is no denying they've done it well, and I will say they've got credit for it.

When you think of all the English fellows have done without any noise about it in the Press it makes you think that they get more than our share of praise. I tell you what it is though. The English people are taken with the idea of us coming all that way to fight—and it is kind of romantic when you come to look at it—and they can't see the romance that is under nigh their own noses. It's always the way. People seldom see that their own brothers are worth putting into a book; they are only "old Harry" or "old Jim" that's all—no particular about them.

TOWN OF CLARESHOLM

Notice of Impounded Animal

Impounded in the Municipal Pound, Clareholm, on Aug. 4th, 1918, one Bay Mare, weight about 1,000 lbs., branded "N" on right hip, C on left shoulder, right hind foot white, white stripes on face.
This animal will be sold by public auction on Monday, the 26th day of August, 1918, at 3 o'clock p.m., at the Municipal Pound, Clareholm, unless redeemed before that date.

City Barber Shop

Located in the Wilton Hotel

R. L. Redfern, Prop.

Estray Notices

ESTRAY—\$15.00 REWARD

Black Mare, white spot on forehead weight about 1,500 lbs. Branded "N" on left shoulder. Notify 24-2 D. B. VANHORN, Clareholm

LOST—One bay mare with two white hind legs and white stripe on face, branded "N" on right shoulder. Had rawhide halter on. Weight 1200. 4 years old. \$10 reward. Apply Alex. Eidey, Carmichael.

LOST—One black gelding, 4 years old, with white stripes on face, branded "N" on right shoulder, weight about 1,000 lbs. Please notify Alex. Eidey, Carmichael. \$10 reward.

LOST—6 year old dark brown gelding, weight 1,200 lbs. Brand "N" on right hip, wire cut on front foot. Reward—\$10. L. E. Lee, Box 201, Clareholm.

COW LOST—Branded "M" on right shoulder, brand "C" on left. R. L. E. BERG, 1 1/2 miles S.E. from Five Mile School.

LOST. 2 yearling red heifers. Branded "U" on right rib. \$10.00 reward. W. L. Long, Phone No. 214.

RE SUNDAY WORK ON THE FARM

Editor Review-Advertiser:—

In view of the uncertain knowledge as to the attitude of the Dominion and Provincial Governments concerning the above matter, will you kindly print the following statement in your paper?

The Prime Minister, Sir Robert Borden, has recently given out that owing to the large number of enquiries that had come in to Ottawa upon this question he desired to say authoritatively that "there is no intention on the part of the Government to amend the Lord's Day Act or to interfere with its operation" in the interests of greater production.

The Act requires that all cases shall be reviewed by the Attorney General of the province in which the offence is alleged to have been committed. It is the policy of the Government of Alberta to carefully investigate all cases reported and only to support prosecution when there was evidently no necessity for the Sunday labor. This policy has not been changed during the war. No permits to work on Sunday have been given by the Attorney General or any official.

In connection with the whole matter may I quote the following from an editorial in the Vancouver "Province" which appeared recently: "The despatch from the Prime Minister announcing that the Lord's Day Act would not be amended this session corrects a report that was current a few days ago. It was reported that Sunday work on the farm and elsewhere would be allowed by the law in order to increase production during the war. Such changes in the law seem to have been sought by some interests, but when the proposition was made public, protests went to Ottawa from all directions. Not only the working men but the farmers of the west and elsewhere pre-empted that the law remain as it is. Our information is that some of the immigrant farmers from foreign countries expressed a desire for an open Sunday in the harvest time. The average farmer finds six days' harvest work in the week quite enough for him and his hired help. Besides the Act itself makes allowances for emergency work. The Lord's Day Act is the result of much consideration and mature deliberation. It is not an ecclesiastical measure, but humanitarian legislation, intended to secure for working people the measure of rest and recreation which the human constitution demands. It leaves the people free to worship, but does not compel them to worship on the day or any part of it to religious duties. Thus the Act has the support of many who do not set a religious value on any particular day of the week. All believe that one day in the week should be free from any toil that can be avoided. If the question were reopened it might be a long time before a measure could be enacted which is as satisfactory as the one now on the books."

In this statement the Alliance fully concurs.
Yours sincerely,
Chas. H. Huels, Secretary.
Greatest Mineral Lake on Continent
Western Canada can boast of one of the greatest mineral lakes on this continent. Extensive medical tests, after making through analyses of the waters of Little Lake Manitow, which is adjacent to Wapiti National Park on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, are enthusiastic over the curative properties it contains.
The water is very similar to Carlsbad or Marienbad Springs in Germany, which are famed the world over to their cures of rheumatism, gout, dropsy, skin diseases of various disorders of the blood, liver and kidneys, and this similarity has caused it to be termed, "The Carlsbad of America." Many physicians claim that the water contains curative properties of greater value than any other lake or mineral spring in the world.
The value of this water for healing purposes was discovered ages ago by Indians, who brought along members of their tribes to drink the water and experience the hygienic benefits of the vapor baths. The remains of the bathing places, so ingeniously improvised by the Indians are still to be seen at the western end of the lake. To effect this means of bathing, a hole was dug in the earth and a teepee erected over it; while large stones were being fired to an intense heat after which they were rolled into the place excavated. The healing water was then poured slowly over the heated stones to form a vapor, in the midst of which the patient was placed. The bath was crude and primitive but still removed among the natives for its efficacy.
These baths are destined to be come as popular and widely known as any throughout this continent, and already sanitariums and bath houses are being established on the shore of Little Lake Manitow. The Muskies Wapiti Sanatorium which has been operated for a couple of years has proved very attractive.

NAZARENE MISSION, Clareholm

Union Revival Services

In the I.O.O.F. Hall at 11 a.m., 3 and 7.30 p.m. on Sunday, Aug. 18th

Rev. Frank Miller, the Singing Evangelist

will speak at each meeting. Everybody welcome.

Meetings of the Old Time Religion

Farmers are Stopping the Profit-Eating Leaks This Year

Comparatively few farmers fall or lose heavily because of misfortune such as fire, wind or drought. The majority of failures and losses are from combined little leaks, and it is the many little leaks that are being studied and stopped.

HERE ARE SOME OF THEM—Feeding Wastes, Diseases from Unsanitary Buildings, Unprotected Machinery. There are others but here are enough to kill the profits on any farm.

THE REMEDY—Concrete Granary Foundations and Floor, Concrete Barn and Hog House Floors, a Machine Shed. None of them are expensive and each will quickly pay for itself. Call and let's a give you prices.

A SAFE PLACE TO TRADE

Crown Lumber Company Ltd.

O. D. WALKER, Manager

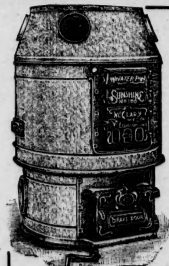
How to SECURE and RETAIN

the best class of farm help

Don't attempt to ludge them in any old place, but build them a neat, simple and comfortable house. Then you will have the best of inducements to offer the best class of help—the married man—a home and a garden. We have the plans and the service.

Beaver Lumber Co., Ltd.

IN YOUR TOWN AND 100 OTHERS



No Heat Waylaid

Straight walls in the deep frepoot of the Sunshine Furnace prevent ashes from collecting and absorbing the heat instead of allowing it to do its work in heating the home—one of the features that make the Sunshine the kind of furnace you want for your home.

Full information about the Sunshine Furnace will be sent free to any address upon request to our nearest branch office.

McClay's
Sunshine
Furnace

London, St. John, N.B. Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Edmonton, Saskatoon, Vancouver

"The Veterinarian" is a medical book for farmers and stockmen. It is given away FREE to every new or renewal subscription to this paper. If you are a farmer be sure and ask for it when paying your subscription.